



“Mifeprex has been used by about 750,000 American women like me.”

Where do I get more information?

To learn more about Mifeprex^{*}, please call our 24-hour hotline at 1-877-4-EARLY OPTION (1-877-432-7596). Or visit our web site at www.earlyoptionpill.com.

How will this private option be provided?

Mifeprex is available in doctors' offices and clinics across the country. You make three visits over a two-week period. At the first visit, you are counseled and, if you decide to end your pregnancy with Mifeprex, you sign a Patient Agreement. You then take three Mifeprex tablets. In two days, you return and take two misoprostol tablets. A follow-up visit approximately 12 days later is needed to make sure the pregnancy has ended. This is a very important checkup. If the pregnancy has not been terminated, there is a chance there may be birth defects, so you may have to have a surgical procedure to end the pregnancy. Overall, many women like the privacy of using Mifeprex.

Will I get the counseling and support I need?

Support and counseling are available to you throughout the process. If you have routine questions, you can call your provider's staff during regular office hours. Your healthcare provider will give you a number to call in case of emergency, and you should take your Medication Guide with you if you go to an emergency room or provider other than the one who prescribed your Mifeprex, so they know you are undergoing a medical abortion with Mifeprex.

Ask us about Mifeprex.



Find out why more women are choosing this FDA-approved early option for non-surgical abortion in the first 49 days of pregnancy.



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MIFEPREX[®]

(Mifepristone) Tablets, 200 mg

Answers you need to make an informed decision about Mifeprex.



What type of side effects can I expect? Although cramping and bleeding are an expected part of ending a pregnancy, rarely, serious and potentially life-threatening bleeding, infections, or other problems can occur following a miscarriage, surgical abortion, medical abortion, including with Mifeprex, or childbirth. Prompt medical attention is needed in these circumstances. Serious infection has resulted in death in a very small number of women who have taken the Mifeprex regimen to end their pregnancies. There is no information that the medications caused these deaths.

Contact your provider right away if you have any of the following:

- **Heavy Bleeding.** Contact your provider right away if you bleed enough to soak through two thick, full-size sanitary pads per hour for two consecutive hours or if you are concerned about heavy bleeding. In about 1 out of 100 women, bleeding can be so heavy that it requires a surgical procedure (surgical abortion/D&C) to stop it.
- **Abdominal Pain or “Feeling Sick.”** If you have abdominal pain or discomfort, or you are “feeling sick,” including weakness, nausea, vomiting or diarrhea, with or without fever, more than 24 hours after taking misoprostol, you should contact your provider without delay. These symptoms may be a sign of a serious infection or another problem (including an ectopic pregnancy, a pregnancy outside the womb).
- **Fever.** If you have a fever of 100.4°F or higher that lasts for more than four hours, you should contact your provider right away. Fever may be a symptom of a serious infection or another problem (including an ectopic pregnancy).

What makes Mifeprex® a good option to end early pregnancy in the first 49 days of pregnancy?

Mifeprex is the only Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved, non-surgical option for early abortion. In clinical trials, studies showed that Mifeprex is 92-95% effective for safely ending pregnancy (5-8% of women will need a surgical procedure to end the pregnancy or stop heavy bleeding). With this history of safety and effectiveness, its use continues to grow.

“I chose Mifeprex because I wanted to avoid surgery if possible.”

Patients can expect bleeding or spotting for an average of 9-16 days. Cramping is also expected. The most common side effects may include nausea, headache, diarrhea, vomiting, dizziness, tiredness, and back pain.

Why are more and more women choosing Mifeprex? Approximately 750,000 women in the United States and millions of women worldwide have chosen this option. Here are some advantages:

- It’s a more private option for safely ending pregnancy.
- It comes in an easy-to-take pill form.
- It allows you to avoid surgery and anesthesia in most cases.

How does this early option pill work?

Since Mifeprex is taken orally, it doesn’t require surgery or anesthesia in most cases. Mifeprex is a pill that blocks a hormone that is needed for your pregnancy to continue. When followed by another medicine, misoprostol, Mifeprex ends the pregnancy. The Medication Guide you will receive at your first visit explains how it works in more detail.

“I liked the privacy of this procedure during a difficult time.”

Is Mifeprex right for me?

Mifeprex can be taken only during the first 49 days of pregnancy and cannot be used in cases of confirmed or suspected ectopic pregnancy, as Mifeprex is not effective for terminating those pregnancies. Talk to your healthcare provider about whether Mifeprex is the right choice for you. And be sure to tell your provider if you’re taking any other medications.